BE IT ORDAINED, by the City Council of Winston-Salem as follows:

SECTION 1. SECTION 75 OF THE CITY CODE OF ORDINANCES IS AMENDED BY ADDING ARTICLE IV (POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER ORDINANCE) THERETO

ARTICLE IV: POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER

SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS

75-101 TITLE
This Ordinance shall be officially known as “The Post Construction Stormwater Ordinance.” It is referred to herein as Ordinance.

75-102 AUTHORITY
The City is authorized to adopt this Ordinance pursuant to North Carolina law, including but not limited to Article 14, Section 5 of the Constitution of North Carolina; North Carolina General Statutes 143-214.7 and rules promulgated by the Environmental Management Commission there under Session Law 2006-246; Chapter 160A, §§ 174, 185; as well as Chapter 113A, Article 4 (Sedimentation Pollution Control); Article 21, Part 6 (Floodway Regulation); Chapter 160A, Article 19 (Planning and Regulation of Development); Chapter 153A, Article 18.

75-103 FINDINGS
It is hereby determined that:
Development and Redevelopment alter the hydrologic response of local watersheds and increase stormwater runoff rates and volumes, flooding, soil erosion, stream channel erosion, nonpoint and point source pollution, and sediment transport and deposition, as well as reducing groundwater recharge;

These changes in stormwater runoff contribute to increased quantities of water-borne pollutants and alterations in hydrology which are harmful to public health and safety as well as to the natural environment;

These effects can be managed and minimized by applying proper design and well-planned controls to manage stormwater runoff from Development and Redevelopment sites; and

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972 (“Clean Water Act”) and federal Phase II Stormwater Rules promulgated under it, as well as rules of the North Carolina Environmental Management Commission promulgated in response to federal Phase II requirements, compel certain urbanized areas, including the City, to adopt the minimum stormwater controls such as those included in this Ordinance.

Therefore, the City’s Council establishes this Ordinance to regulate the quality and quantity of stormwater runoff and discharge to meet the state and federal requirements.

75-104 PURPOSE
(A) General
The purpose of this Ordinance is to protect, maintain and enhance the public health, safety, environment and general welfare by establishing minimum requirements and procedures to control
the adverse effects of increased Post Construction stormwater runoff and nonpoint and point source pollution associated with Development and Redevelopment. It has been determined that proper management of construction-related and Post Construction stormwater runoff can safeguard the public health, safety, and general welfare; minimize damage to public and private property and infrastructure; and protect water and aquatic resources. This Ordinance is intended to not contradict the intent or direction of the Legacy Comprehensive Plan.

(B) Specific
This Ordinance seeks to meet its general purpose through the following specific objectives and means:

1. Establish decision-making processes and standards for Development and Redevelopment that protects the integrity of watersheds and preserves the health of water resources;
2. Require that new Development and Redevelopment maintain the pre-construction hydrologic response in their Post Construction state as nearly as practicable for the applicable design storm(s) in order to reduce flooding, streambank erosion, point and nonpoint source pollution and increases in stream temperature, and to maintain the integrity of stream channels and aquatic habitats;
3. Establish minimum Post Construction stormwater management standards and design criteria for the regulation and control of stormwater runoff quantity and quality;
4. Establish design and review criteria for the construction, function, and use of Structural BMPs that may be used to meet the minimum Post Construction stormwater management standards;
5. Encourage the use of low impact site design practices, such as the use of vegetated stormwater conveyances and the preservation of green space and other conservation areas to the maximum extent practicable;
6. Establish provisions for the long-term responsibility for and maintenance of the Stormwater Management Systems to ensure that they continue to function as designed, are maintained appropriately, and pose no threat to public safety or public health;
7. Establish administrative procedures for the submission, review, and approval of Stormwater Management Systems, for the inspection of approved projects, and to assure appropriate long-term maintenance.
8. Assign responsibility and processes for approving the creation and maintenance of adequate drainage and flood damage prevention.

75-105 APPLICABILITY AND JURISDICTION
(A) General
(1) Beginning with and subsequent to its effective date, this Ordinance shall be applicable to all Developments and Redevelopments, including, but not limited to, site plan applications, subdivision applications, and grading applications, unless exempt or excluded pursuant to Subsections (D) and (E) below. Nothing contained in this Ordinance shall relieve an Owner of any obligations or duties imposed under any other statutory or common law, such as, but not limited to, duties imposed by the riparian rights of adjoining property owners.
(2) Regardless of reference to a specific state statute, violation of this Ordinance shall not subject the Owner or person in violation to a misdemeanor or infraction, but any remedy due the City or penalty imposed by the City shall be limited to Section 5, Enforcement and Violations of this Ordinance.

(B) No Development or Redevelopment Until Compliance and Permit
No Development or Redevelopment shall occur unless it is in compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance and any permit issued pursuant to this Ordinance.

(C) Geographic Application
The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply within the corporate limits of the City, as well as extraterritorial jurisdictional areas.
The Stormwater Director shall keep on file a map that shows the locations of all Structural BMP’s permitted under this ordinance.

(D) Exemptions
The following instances of Development or Redevelopment are determined to be exempt and not subject to the provisions of this Ordinance:

1. A Development that cumulatively disturbs less than one acre and is not part of a Larger Common Plan of Development, Redevelopment or Sale is exempt from the quality management provisions of this Ordinance (Section 75-302);
2. A Development or Redevelopment that cumulatively disturbs less than one acre is not exempt if such activities are part of a Larger Common Plan of Development, Redevelopment or Sale, even though multiple, separate or distinct activities take place at different times on different schedules;
3. A Development that cumulatively disturbs less than 20,000 square feet for residential and nonresidential uses is exempt from the quantity management provisions of this Ordinance (Section 75-303);
4. Any Redevelopment activity for which the proposed impervious area is equal to or less than the preexisting impervious area; and
5. Activities exempt from permit requirements of Section 404 of the federal Clean Water Act, as specified in 40 CFR 232 (primarily, ongoing farming and forestry activities).
6. For a Development or Redevelopment that i) cumulatively disturbs less than 3 acres; ii) is not part of a Larger Common Plan of Development, Redevelopment or Sale; and iii) is less than 24 percent Built-upon area, the standards for stormwater quantity management, as set out in Section 75-303 below, shall be limited to controlling only the 2 year and 10 year design storms. However, all other provisions of this ordinance shall apply.

(E) Exclusions
Development or Redevelopment conducted pursuant to one of the following authorizations that was obtained prior to the effective date of this Ordinance is determined to be excluded and is not subject to the provisions of this Ordinance:

1. A grading permit or building permit;
2. A site-specific Development or Redevelopment plan or site specific phased Development or Redevelopment plan submitted prior to the effective date of this Ordinance, and approved within 6 months of the effective date of this ordinance and which has Substantial Progress made within two years of the site plan approval;
3. Any Development or Redevelopment activity which has received stormwater management plan approval prior to the effective date of this Ordinance and Substantial Progress is made within two years of the effective date of this Ordinance;
4. A right that has vested under statutory or local law prior to the effective date of this Ordinance.

75-106 INTERPRETATION
(A) Authority for Interpretation
The City’s Stormwater Director has authority to determine the interpretation of this Ordinance. Any person may request an interpretation by submitting a written request to the Stormwater Director who should respond in writing within 30 days. The Stormwater Director shall keep on file a record of all written interpretations of this Ordinance.

(B) Delegation of Authority
Any act authorized by this Ordinance to be carried out by the Stormwater Director may be carried out by his or her designee.
(C) Meaning and Intent
All provisions, terms, phrases, and expressions contained in this Ordinance shall be construed according to the general and specific purposes set forth in Section 75-104, Purpose. If a different or more specific meaning is given for a term defined elsewhere in the City’s Code of Ordinances, the meaning and application of the term in this Ordinance shall control for purposes of application of this Ordinance.

(D) Text Controls in Event of Conflict
In the event of a conflict or inconsistency between the text of this Ordinance and any heading, caption, figure, illustration, table, or map, the text shall control.

(E) References to Statutes, Regulations, and Documents
Whenever reference is made to a resolution, ordinance, statute, regulation, manual (including the Design Manual), or document, it shall be construed as a reference to the most recent edition of such that has been finalized and published with due provision for notice and comment, unless otherwise specifically stated.

(F) Usage of Words
(1) Mandatory and Discretionary Terms
The words “shall,” “must,” and “will” are mandatory in nature, establishing an obligation or duty to comply with the particular provision. The word “should” is an indication of what action the ordinance encourages to be taken. The word “may” is permissive in nature.

(2) Conjunctions
Unless the context clearly indicates the contrary, conjunctions shall be interpreted as follows:
The word “and” indicates that all connected items, conditions, provisions or events apply. The word “or” indicates that one or more of the connected items, conditions, provisions or events apply.

(3) Tense, Plurals, and Gender
Words used in the present tense include the future tense. Words used in the singular number include the plural number and the plural number includes the singular number, unless the context of the particular usage clearly indicates otherwise. Words used in the masculine gender include the feminine gender, and vice versa.

(G) Computation of Time
The time in which an act is to be done shall be computed by excluding the first day and including the last day. If a deadline or required date of action falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday observed by the City, the deadline or required date of action shall be the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or holiday observed by the City. References to days are calendar days unless otherwise stated.

75-107 Definitions
When used in this Ordinance, the following words and terms shall have the meaning set forth in this section, unless other provisions of this Ordinance specifically indicate otherwise.

Building Inspector
The Director, or his designee, of the Forsyth County/Winston-Salem Building Inspection Department established and authorized pursuant to Part 5. Building Inspection of Article 19. Development of Chapter 160A of the North Carolina General Statutes.

Built-upon area (BUA)
That portion of a Development or Redevelopment project that is covered by impervious or partially impervious surface including, but not limited to, buildings; pavement and gravel areas such as
roads, parking lots, and paths; and recreation facilities such as tennis courts. The BUA does not include a wooden slatted deck, the water area of a swimming pool, or pervious or partially pervious paving material to the extent that the paving material absorbs water or allows water to infiltrate through the paving material.

City
The City of Winston-Salem, a North Carolina Municipal Corporation located in Forsyth County.

City Manager
The Manager of the City as appointed by the City Council.

Department
The State of North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

Design Manual
The stormwater design manual prepared and disseminated by the Department for the proper implementation of the requirements of the federal Phase II stormwater program.

Development
Any land disturbing activity for construction of one or more buildings, structures or parking lots which adds to or changes the amount of impervious or partially pervious cover on a land area or which otherwise decreases the infiltration of precipitation into the soil, other than rebuilding activity that does not qualify as Redevelopment.

Disturbed Area
Any land area which had been cleared, grubbed, graded, disturbed or otherwise altered for the purposes of Development or Redevelopment.

Division
The North Carolina Division of Water Quality, a division of the Department.

High-density project
Any project that exceeds the Low Density Project threshold, as defined below, for dwelling units per acre or BUA.

Larger Common Plan of Development, Redevelopment or Sale
Any area where multiple separate and distinct construction or land disturbing activities will occur under one plan. A plan is any announcement or document, including, but not limited to, a site plan, marketing plan, sign, public notice or hearing, sales presentation or promotion, advertisement, loan application, drawing, permit application, zoning request, or computer design, or any physical demarcation, including, but not limited to, boundary signs, lot stakes, or surveyor markings, indicating that construction activities may occur on one or more tracts of land.

Lot area
Lot area refers to the amount of horizontal land area contained inside the lot lines of a lot or site.

Low-density project
A project that has no more than two dwelling units per acre or twenty-four percent BUA for all residential and non-residential Development or Redevelopment.

1-year, 24-hour storm
The surface runoff resulting from a 24-hour rainfall of an intensity expected to be equaled or exceeded, on average, once in 12 months and with a duration of 24 hours.

Owner
The legal or beneficial owner of property on which a Development or Redevelopment is to occur or any other person or entity holding proprietary or possessory rights in the property or having legal power of management and control of the property. Unless shown otherwise, the person or entity making application for a Stormwater Management Permit for the property or the person or entity who is contractually responsible to operate and maintain a Stormwater Management System on the property shall be deemed to be an "Owner" for enforcement purposes.

Post Construction
The condition of a Development or Redevelopment once the land disturbing activity is complete as it relates to the management and control of stormwater runoff quantity and quality.

Redevelopment
Any land disturbing activity at an already existing Development, other than activity that results in no net increase in BUA, that provides equal or greater stormwater control than the previous Development.

Stormwater Appeals Board
The appeals board established by the City Council in Article III, Division 12 of the City's Code of Ordinances, pursuant to NCGS 160A-146, and whose purpose is to hear and decide appeals from and review any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by the Stormwater Director.

Stormwater Management System
Stormwater management practices such as Structural BMPs, non structural BMPs, structures, appurtenances and any form of conveyance, such as grass channels, swales, underground piping, open ditches and storm drains, that exist outside of the public right of way, whether the right of way is maintained by the City or the State of North Carolina, as these management practices are designed and proposed to be utilized in a proposed Development or Redevelopment to comply with the stormwater quality and quantity standards set out in this Ordinance.

Structural Best Management Practice (BMP)
A physical device designed to trap, settle out, or filter pollutants from stormwater runoff; to alter or reduce stormwater runoff velocity, amount, timing, or other characteristics; to approximate the pre-construction hydrology on a developed site; or to achieve any combination of these goals. Structural BMP includes physical practices such as constructed wetlands, wet ponds, vegetative practices, filter strips, grassed swales, and other methods installed or created on real property. Structural BMP is synonymous with “structural practice”, “stormwater control facility,” “stormwater control practice,” “stormwater treatment practice,” “stormwater management practice,” “stormwater control measures,” “structural stormwater treatment systems,” and similar terms used in this Ordinance.

Substantial progress
For the purposes of determining whether substantial progress has been made on an approved plan, one or more of the following construction activities toward the completion of a site or subdivision plan shall occur: obtaining a grading permit and conducting grading activity; installation and approval of on-site infrastructure; or obtaining a building permit for the construction and approval of a building foundation. Substantial progress for purposes of
determining whether an approved plan is null and void is not necessarily the same as “substantial expenditures” used for determining vested rights pursuant to applicable law.

75-108 DESIGN MANUAL
(A) Reference to Design Manual
The Stormwater Director shall use the policy, criteria, information and technical specifications and standards found in the Design Manual as the basis for approving or disapproving stormwater management permits and the design, implementation and performance of Stormwater Management Systems. The Design Manual includes a list of acceptable stormwater treatment practices, including specific design criteria for each stormwater practice. Stormwater treatment practices that are designed, constructed, and maintained in accordance with these design and sizing criteria found in the Design Manual will be presumed to meet the minimum water quality performance standards of this Ordinance.

(B) Relationship of Design Manual to Other Laws and Regulations
(Reserved for future use.)

(C) Changes to Standards and Specifications
If the standards, specifications, guidelines, policies, criteria, or other information in the Design Manual are amended subsequent to the submittal of an application for approval pursuant to this Ordinance, but prior to approval, the amended Design Manual shall control and shall be utilized to review, approve or disapprove the application.

(D) Amendments to Design Manual
The Design Manual may be updated and expanded by the State of North Carolina from time to time, based on advancements in technology and engineering, improved knowledge of local conditions, or local monitoring or maintenance experience. Prior to amending or updating the Design Manual, proposed changes are expected to be publicized by the State and made available for review. An opportunity for comment by interested persons should be provided.

75-109 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS, REGULATIONS AND PRIVATE AGREEMENTS
(A) Conflict of Laws
This Ordinance is not intended to modify or repeal any other ordinance, rule, regulation or other provision of law. The requirements of this Ordinance are in addition to the requirements of any other ordinance, rule, regulation or other provision of law. Where any provision of this Ordinance imposes restrictions different from those imposed by any other ordinance, rule, regulation or other provision of law, whichever provision is more restrictive or imposes higher protective standards for human or environmental health, safety, and welfare shall control.

(B) Private Agreements
This Ordinance is not intended to revoke or repeal any easement, covenant, or other private agreement. However, where the regulations of this Ordinance are more restrictive or impose higher standards or requirements than such easement, covenant, or other private agreement, then the requirements of this Ordinance shall govern. Nothing in this Ordinance shall modify or repeal any private covenant or deed restriction, but such covenant or restriction shall not legitimize any failure to comply with this Ordinance. In no case shall the City be obligated to enforce the provisions of any easements, covenants, or agreements between private parties.

75-110 SEVERABILITY
If the provisions of any section, subsection, paragraph, subdivision or clause of this Ordinance shall be found to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of any section, subsection, paragraph, subdivision or clause of this Ordinance.

75-111 EFFECTIVE DATE AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS
(A) Effective Date
This Ordinance is effective four months after the date of adoption.

(B) Final Approvals, Complete Applications
All Development and Redevelopment projects for which complete and full site plan applications were submitted to the City prior to the effective date of this Ordinance, and approved within 6 months of the effective date of this ordinance and which has Substantial Progress made within two years of the site plan approval, shall be exempt from complying with all provisions of this Ordinance.

(C) Violations Continue
Any violation of provisions existing on the effective date of this Ordinance shall continue to be a violation under this Ordinance whereas each day shall constitute a new and separate offense and be subject to penalties and enforcement under this Ordinance unless the use, Development, Redevelopment, construction, or other activity complies with the provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 2: ADMINISTRATION AND PROCEDURES
75-201 REVIEW AND DECISION-MAKING ENTITIES
(A) Stormwater Director
(1) Designation
The Stormwater Director shall be designated by the City Manager to administer and enforce this Ordinance.
(2) Powers and Duties
In addition to the powers and duties that may be conferred by other provisions of the City’s code of ordinances and other laws, the Stormwater Director shall have the following powers and duties under this Ordinance:
   a. To review and approve, approve with conditions, or disapprove applications for approval of plans pursuant to the standards setout in this Ordinance;
   b. To make determinations and render interpretations of this Ordinance;
   c. To establish application requirements and schedules for submittal, to review applications and appeals, and to review and make recommendations to the Stormwater Appeals Board on applications for Development or Redevelopment approvals;
   d. To enforce the provisions of this Ordinance in accordance with its enforcement provisions;
   e. To maintain records, maps, and official materials as related to the adoption, amendment, enforcement, interpretation, and/or administration of this Ordinance;
   f. To provide expertise and technical assistance to the City’s Council and Stormwater Appeals Board, if such a Stormwater Appeals Board is established. The City’s Stormwater Appeals Board shall function as the Stormwater Appeals Board;
   g. To designate appropriate other person(s) who shall carry out the powers and duties of the Stormwater Director, and
   h. To take any other action necessary to administer the provisions of this Ordinance.

75-202 REVIEW PROCEDURES
(A) Permit Required; Must Apply for Permit
A stormwater management permit is required for all Development and Redevelopment unless exempt or excluded pursuant to this Ordinance. A permit may only be issued subsequent to a properly submitted and reviewed permit application.
(B) Effect of Permit
A stormwater management permit shall govern the design, installation, construction and maintenance of the Stormwater Management System for all Developments and Redevelopments. The permit is intended to provide a mechanism for the review, approval, and inspection of the Stormwater Management System, consistent with the requirements of this Ordinance. The permit does not continue in existence indefinitely after the completion of the project; rather, compliance after project construction is assured by the operation and maintenance provisions of this Ordinance.

(C) Authority to File Applications
All applications required pursuant to this Ordinance shall be submitted to the Stormwater Director by the Owner or the Owner’s duly authorized agent.

(D) Establishment of Application Requirements, Schedule, and Fees
(1) Application Contents and Form
The Stormwater Director shall establish requirements for the content and form of all applications and shall amend and update those requirements from time to time as required. At a minimum, the application shall describe in detail how the Post Construction stormwater runoff will be controlled and managed, the design of the Stormwater Management System, and how the proposed project will meet the requirements of this Ordinance.
(2) Permit Review Fees
The City Council shall establish permit review fees as well as policies regarding refund of any fees upon withdrawal of an application, and may amend and update the fees and policies from time to time.
(3) Administrative Manual
For applications required under this Ordinance, the Stormwater Director shall compile the application requirements, submission schedule, fee schedule, a copy of this Ordinance, and information on how and where to obtain the Design Manual in an administrative manual, which shall be made available to the public.

(E) Submittal of Complete Application
Applications shall be submitted to the Stormwater Director in the form established by the Stormwater Director, along with the permit review fee. An application shall be considered as submitted only when it contains all elements of a complete application pursuant to this Ordinance, along with the permit review fee. If the Stormwater Director finds that an application is incomplete, the applicant shall be notified of the deficient elements and shall be provided with an opportunity to submit a complete application.

(F) Review
Within 30 days after a complete application is submitted, the Stormwater Director should review the application and determine whether the application complies with this Ordinance.
(1) Approval
If the Stormwater Director finds that the application complies with this Ordinance, the Stormwater Director shall approve the application and notify the applicant in writing. The Stormwater Director may impose conditions of approval as needed to ensure compliance with this Ordinance. The conditions shall be included as part of the approval.
(2) Fails to Comply
If the Stormwater Director finds that the application fails to comply with this Ordinance or if the application is incomplete, the Stormwater Director shall notify the applicant in writing and shall indicate how the application fails to comply. The applicant shall have an opportunity to submit a revised application.
(3) Revision and Subsequent Review
A complete revised application should be reviewed by the Stormwater Director within 30 days after its re-submittal and shall be approved, approved with conditions, or disapproved. If a revised application is not re-submitted within 30 days from the date the applicant was notified, the application shall be considered withdrawn, and a new submittal for the same or substantially the same project shall be required along with the permit review fee. One re-submittal of a revised application may be submitted without payment of an additional permit review fee. Any re-submittal after the first re-submittal shall be accompanied by an additional permit review fee as established pursuant to this Ordinance.

75-203 APPLICATIONS FOR APPROVAL

(A) Concept Plan and Consultation Meeting

Before a stormwater management permit application is deemed complete, the Stormwater Director or Owner may request a consultation on a concept plan for the Stormwater Management System. This consultation meeting should take place prior to submitting the preliminary plan of subdivision, special use re-zoning or other early step in the Development or Redevelopment process. The purpose of this meeting is to discuss generally the Stormwater Management System necessary for the proposed Development or Redevelopment, as well as to discuss and assess constraints, opportunities and potential approaches to Stormwater Management System before formal site design engineering is commenced. The meeting is not intended to provide a total review of the final development plan. Local watershed plans, and other relevant resource protection plans may be consulted in the discussion of the concept plan. To accomplish this goal, the following information should be included in the concept plan, which should be submitted to the Stormwater Director at least five business days in advance of the consultation meeting:

(1) Existing Conditions / Proposed Site Plans

Existing conditions and proposed site layout sketch plans, which illustrate at a minimum: existing and proposed topography; perennial and intermittent streams; existing and proposed drainage conveyances; existing Stormwater Management Systems; mapping of predominant soils from soil surveys (when available); boundaries of existing predominant vegetation and proposed limits of clearing and grading; and location of existing and proposed roads, buildings, parking areas and other impervious surfaces.

(2) Natural Resources Inventory

A written and/or graphic inventory of the natural resources at the site and surrounding area as it exists prior to the commencement of the project. This description should include a discussion of soil conditions, forest cover, geologic features, topography, wetlands, and native vegetative areas on the site, as well as the location and boundaries of other natural feature protection and conservation areas such as lakes, ponds, floodplains, stream buffers and other setbacks (e.g., drinking water well setbacks, septic setbacks, etc.). Particular attention should be paid to environmentally sensitive features that provide particular opportunities or constraints for Development or Redevelopment.

(3) Stormwater Management System Concept Plan

A written or graphic concept plan of the proposed Stormwater Management System including the location of floodplain/floodway limits; relationship of site to upstream and downstream properties and drainages; and preliminary location of proposed stream channel modifications, such as bridge or culvert crossings.

(B) Assessment of Impact

Each concept plan shall include an assessment of Post Construction stormwater impacts upon downstream and upstream properties. The assessment of stormwater quality and quantity impacts shall be based on the standards contained within this Ordinance, at a minimum.

(1) Assessment and Control of Stormwater Quality Impacts
All Stormwater Management Systems proposed to be include in any Development or Redevelopment, not otherwise exempt or excluded, shall assess and satisfy the applicable stormwater quality management requirements as indicated in §75-302 of this Ordinance, at a minimum.

(2) Assessment and Control of Stormwater Quantity Impacts

All Stormwater Management Systems proposed to be include in any Development or Redevelopment, not otherwise exempt or excluded, shall assess and satisfy the applicable stormwater quantity management requirements as indicated in §75-303 of this Ordinance, at a minimum.

An appropriately qualified professional for the Owner must prepare the assessment of stormwater quantity impacts for review by the Stormwater Director. The assessment of upstream impacts must be provided, at a minimum, for property or properties located immediately upstream and/or adjacent to the proposed Development or Redevelopment. The Stormwater Director shall require that the impact assessment be extended for properties further upstream if site-specific conditions may cause an unreasonable impact on those properties further upstream. The assessment of downstream impacts shall be made by evaluating a site’s contribution to stormwater runoff to a “suitable downstream point” considering the following guidelines:

(a) A point downstream where the proposed site Development or Redevelopment represents less than ten (10) percent of the total watershed area draining to that point (10% Guideline).
(b) A point downstream where drainage from the Development or Redevelopment site enters a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) established floodway.
(c) A point where the Stormwater Director knows of no existing stormwater problems that the proposed Development or Redevelopment is likely to exacerbate.
(d) A point where there are no public road crossings or other public infrastructure that may be adversely impacted by an increase in runoff from the proposed Development or Redevelopment.

This determination shall not alter any requirements related to stormwater quality management. These guidelines are intended to avoid unreasonable impacts wherever they might occur.

(C) Stormwater Management Permit Application

The stormwater management permit application shall detail how Development or Redevelopment stormwater runoff will be controlled and managed and how the proposed project will meet the requirements of this Ordinance. All such plans shall be prepared by a qualified registered North Carolina professional engineer, surveyor or landscape architect, and the engineer, surveyor or landscape architect shall perform services only in their area of competence, and shall verify: 1) that the design of the Stormwater Management System meets the submittal requirements for complete applications; 2) that the designs and plans are sufficient to comply with applicable standards and policies found in the Design Manual; and 3) that the proposed Stormwater Management System ensures compliance with this Ordinance. The submittal shall include all of the information required in the submittal checklist established by the Stormwater Director.

(D) As-Built Plans and Final Approval

Upon completion of a project and before a certificate of compliance, as defined in NCGS §160A-423, shall be granted by the Building Inspector, the Owner shall, except as provided for in subsection (E) of this section, certify that the completed project is in accordance with the approved Stormwater Management System, and shall submit actual as-built plans for the entire Stormwater Management System once construction is completed. The as-built plans shall show the final design specifications for the entire Stormwater Management System, including the field location, size, depth, and planted vegetation of all Structural BMP’s and other measures, controls, conveyances and devices, as installed. The designer of the Stormwater Management System shall certify, under seal, that the as-built Stormwater Management System is in compliance with the approved Stormwater Management System and with the requirements of this Ordinance. A final inspection and approval by the Stormwater Director shall occur before the release
of any performance securities. The final inspection shall occur within a reasonable time frame in order to expedite release of performance securities.

(E) Other Permits
No certificate of compliance shall be issued by the Building Inspector working in consultation with the Stormwater Director without final, as-built plans and a final inspection and approval by the Stormwater Director, except where multiple units are served by the Stormwater Management System, in which case the Building Inspector may elect to withhold a percentage of certificates of compliance until as-built plans are submitted and approved by the Stormwater Director.

75-204 APPROVALS
(A) Effect of Approval
Approval authorizes the Owner to go forward with only the specific plans and activity authorized in the permit. The approval shall not be construed to exempt the Owner from obtaining other applicable approvals from local, state, and federal authorities.

(B) Time Limit/Expiration
An approved stormwater plan and permit shall become null and void if the Owner has failed to make Substantial Progress on the site within two years after the date of approval. The Stormwater Director may grant a single, one-year extension of this time limit, for good cause shown, upon receiving a written request from the Owner before the expiration of the approved plan. In granting an extension, the Stormwater Director shall require compliance with standards adopted since the original application was submitted unless the change in standards would infringe upon the applicant’s vested rights.

75-205 APPEALS
(A) Right of Appeal
Any aggrieved person affected by any decision, order, requirement, or determination relating to the interpretation or application of this Ordinance and made by the Stormwater Director may file an appeal to the Stormwater Appeals Board within 30 days of the Stormwater Director's decision, order, requirement or determination.

(B) Filing of Appeal and Procedures
(1) Appeals shall be taken within the specified time period by filing with the Stormwater Director a notice of appeal and the grounds for the appeal. The Stormwater Director shall transmit the appeal, the grounds therefore and all documents related to the appeal (the record on appeal) to the Stormwater Appeals Board.
(2) An appeal stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from, unless the Stormwater Director certifies to the Stormwater Appeals Board, after notice of appeal has been filed with him, that because of facts stated in the certificate a stay would, in his opinion, cause imminent peril to life or property or that because the violation charged is transitory in nature a stay would seriously interfere with enforcement of this Ordinance. In that case proceedings shall not be stayed except by a restraining order, which may be granted by the Stormwater Appeals Board or by a court of record on application, on notice to the Stormwater Director and on due cause shown.
(3) The Stormwater Appeals Board shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of the appeal, give due notice thereof to the parties, and decide it within a reasonable time. The Stormwater Appeals Board may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination appealed from, and shall make any order, requirement, decision, or determination that in its opinion complies with this Ordinance. To this end the Stormwater Appeals Board shall have all the powers of the Stormwater Director.
(4) The concurring vote of four-fifths of the members of the Stormwater Appeals Board shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision, or determination of the Stormwater Director.
or to decide in favor of the applicant any matter upon which it is required to pass under this Ordinance, or to grant a variance from the provisions of the Ordinance. For the purposes of this subsection, vacant positions on the board and members who are disqualified from voting on a quasi-judicial matter shall not be considered "members of the board" for calculation of the requisite supermajority if there are no qualified alternates available to take the place of such members.

(5) A member of the Stormwater Appeals Board shall not participate in or vote on any quasi-judicial matter in a manner that would violate affected persons' constitutional rights to an impartial decision maker. Impermissible conflicts include, but are not limited to, a member having a fixed opinion prior to hearing the matter that is not susceptible to change, undisclosed ex parte communications, a close familial, business, or other associational relationship with an affected person, or a financial interest in the outcome of the matter. If an objection is raised to a member's participation and that member does not recuse himself or herself, the remaining members shall by majority vote rule on the objection.

(6) Witnesses shall testify under oath or affirmation to be administered by the court reporter, notary or another duly authorized official.

(C) REVIEW BY CITY COUNCIL Any aggrieved person affected by any decision, order, requirement, or determination relating to the interpretation or application of this ordinance and made by the Stormwater Appeals Board may file an appeal to the City Council within 30 calendar days of the Stormwater Appeals Board's decision, order, requirement or determination. Appeals shall be taken within the specified time period by filing a notice of appeal and specifying the grounds for appeal on forms provided by the City of Winston-Salem. The Assistant City Manager/Public Works shall then, forthwith, transmit to the City Council all the appropriate documents explaining the decision that is being appealed and shall serve as the City Council's technical advisor. The hearing conducted by the City Council shall be conducted in the nature of a quasi-judicial proceeding with all findings of fact supported by competent, material evidence.

(D) Review by Superior Court

Every decision of the City Council shall be subject to review by the Forsyth County General Court of Justice, Superior Court Division by proceedings in the nature of certiorari. Any petition for review by the Superior Court shall be filed with the Clerk of Superior Court within 30 days after the decision of the City Council is filed in such office as this Ordinance specifies, or after a written copy thereof is delivered to every aggrieved party who has filed a written request for such copy with the Assistant City Manager/Public Works at the time of its hearing of the case, whichever is later. The decision of the City Council may be delivered to the aggrieved party either by personal service or by registered mail or certified mail return receipt requested.

SECTION 3: STANDARDS

75-301 GENERAL STANDARDS

All Development and Redevelopment to which this Ordinance applies shall comply with the standards of this section for both quality and quantity.

(A) Best Available Technology/Information

The best available technology and information shall be used for analysis and design of a Stormwater Management System to meet the requirements of this Ordinance.

(B) Stormwater Management in Perpetuity

The approval of the stormwater management permit shall constitute an enforceable restriction on property usage that runs with the land, such as recorded deed restrictions and protective covenants,
to ensure that future Development and Redevelopment maintains the site consistent with the approved project plans.

(C) Operations and Maintenance Plan
The Owner shall provide an operations and maintenance plan, as well as an agreement and contractual lien for the approved Stormwater Management System, for review and approval by the Stormwater Director. Once approved by the Stormwater Director, the operations and maintenance plan shall be implemented by the Owner.

(D) Additional Requirements
As part of the approval process, the Stormwater Director may impose additional requirements related to a proposed Stormwater Management System to address such issues as maintenance, drainage, inspection, operation, access easements, and restrictive covenants to ensure compliance with this Ordinance.

(E) Low-Impact Development Practices
Owners of Development and Redevelopment projects are hereby encouraged to use Low Impact Development (LID) practices where practicable that will aid stormwater quality and quantity management by reducing impervious surfaces, increasing the use of natural conveyances, maintaining natural vegetation areas, increasing infiltration of surface waters to replenish ground waters, and conserving stormwater for alternative compatible uses.

(F) Regional Stormwater Control Facilities
The use of regional stormwater control facilities may be allowed when space is available, in order to treat multiple parcels of land which are subject to the provisions of this Ordinance. Regional facilities may be allowed as joint ventures between private entities and/or public and private entities.

75-302 STANDARDS FOR STORMWATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT

(A) Development Standards for Low-Density Projects
Low-density projects shall comply with each of the following standards:

(1) Stormwater runoff from the Development or Redevelopment shall be transported from the Development or Redevelopment by vegetated conveyances to the maximum extent practicable.

(2) Other than for those limited exceptions set out in paragraph (3) below, all BUA for every Development or Redevelopment shall be set back in accordance with the standards labeled “Required Landward Buffer Widths” and “Undeveloped Buffer”, at a minimum, as stated in the Table 1 below, as measured from the top of the stream bank of all perennial and intermittent surface waters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development or Redevelopment Size</th>
<th>Required Landward Buffer Widths</th>
<th>Undisturbed Buffer Widths (Within Landward Buffer)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-10 Acres</td>
<td>30 Feet</td>
<td>15 Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-50 Acres</td>
<td>50 Feet</td>
<td>25 Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greater than 50 Acres</td>
<td>100 Feet</td>
<td>50 Feet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) Right of way crossings, below ground level utility crossings or encroachments, and greenways, if approved pursuant to a stormwater management permit or pursuant to a Development or a Redevelopment site plan, may be located within the landward buffer. Other than approved right of way and utility crossings, these exceptions to the landward buffer may not be located within the undisturbed buffer.

(4) A perennial or intermittent surface water shall be present if the feature is approximately shown on either the most recent version of the soil survey map prepared by the Natural
(B) Development Standards for High-Density Projects

High-density projects shall implement stormwater control measures that comply with each of the following standards:

1. The Stormwater Management Systems shall control and treat stormwater runoff volume leaving the project site for the first one inch of rain. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours.
2. High-density projects must discharge the storage volume at a rate equal to or less than the predevelopment discharge rate for the one-year, 24-hour storm.
3. All Stormwater Management Systems used to meet the requirements of this Ordinance shall be designed to have a minimum of 85% average annual removal for Total Suspended Solids;
4. General engineering design criteria for all projects shall be in accordance with 15A North Carolina Administrative Code 2H.1008(c), as explained in the Design Manual;
5. Other than for those limited exceptions set out in paragraph (6) below, all BUA for every Development or Redevelopment shall be set back in accordance with the standards labeled “Required Landward Buffer Widths” and “Undeveloped Buffer”, at a minimum, as stated in the Table 1 below, as measured from the top of the stream bank of all perennial and intermittent surface waters.

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6. Right of way crossings, below ground level utility crossings or encroachments, and greenways, if approved pursuant to a stormwater management permit or pursuant to a Development or a Redevelopment site plan, may be located within the landward buffer. Other than approved right of way and utility crossings, these exceptions to the landward buffer may not be located within the undisturbed buffer.

7. A perennial or intermittent surface water shall be present if the feature is approximately shown on either the most recent version of the soil survey map prepared by the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the United States Department of Agriculture or the most recent version of the 1:24,000 scale (7.5 minute) quadrangle topographic maps prepared by the United States Geologic Survey (USGS), or is determined by the City or the Division to exist in the field. An exception to this requirement may be allowed when surface waters are not present in accordance with the provisions of 15A North Carolina Administrative Code 2B.0233 (3) (a) or similar site-specific determination made using Division-approved methodology.

(C) Water-Borne Trash and Debris

To reduce the amount of water-borne trash and debris, the Owner shall develop, implement and maintain an approved trash and debris collection and disposal program for the Development or Redevelopment.
(D) Oxygen Depleting Organic Material
To reduce the oxygen depleting impacts of organic material decay on receiving waters, the Owner shall develop, implement and maintain an approved leaf and vegetation collection and disposal program for the Development or Redevelopment.

(E) Water Supply Watershed Regulations Compliance
On-site stormwater management for water quality purposes shall meet all pertinent regulations associated with the Water Supply Watershed Regulations.

(F) Jurisdictional Waters Regulations Compliance
Any proposed impacts to jurisdictional wetlands and/or jurisdictional waters of the United States shall be reviewed and approved by appropriate regulatory agencies such as the US Army Corps of Engineers (wetlands – Clean Water Act, Section 404) and the Department or Division (water quality certification – Clean Water Act, Section 401). Proof of compliance with this requirement shall be provided by the Owner before the Building Inspector shall issue a certificate of compliance.

75-303 STANDARDS FOR STORMWATER QUANTITY MANAGEMENT
If a project has been found to require mitigation of stormwater quantity impacts following review per Section 75-203(B), and in order to mitigate adverse impacts of stormwater runoff from a Development or Redevelopment, the Stormwater Management System prepared by the Owner shall be designed to meet the criteria described in this Section and shall satisfy the review criteria set forth in Section 75-203(B).

(A) Design Storm Events
The quantity of stormwater runoff from a Development or Redevelopment shall be based on the 2-year, 10-year, and 25-year storm events, of minimum 6-hour duration. Depending upon site conditions, storm duration may be lengthened.

(B) Peak Discharge Control
Post Construction peak discharge rates in the 2-year, 10-year, and 25-year storm events shall be controlled so as not to exceed pre-Development or pre-Redevelopment peak discharge rates for the same storm events.

(C) Volume Control
A stormwater runoff volume equal to the difference between the pre- Development or pre-Redevelopment and Post Construction volume for the 25-year event, 6-hour duration, shall be detained on site so that the detention basin(s), or other appropriate Structural BMP, releases detained stormwater over a period of at least 48 hours (2 days) and no longer than 120 hours (5 days).

(D) 100-year Flood Potential
The Development or Redevelopment shall not increase flooding impacts to structures on properties upstream and downstream of the site during a 100-year flood event.

(E) Protection of Point of Discharge
Discharge from any on-site Stormwater Management System into any natural or surface drainage channel or feature, shall be designed and constructed so that the discharge does not cause damage to the receiving system.

(F) Protection of Receiving Channels and Water Bodies
Receiving natural channels and water bodies (on-site and/or off-site) shall be evaluated to ensure that downstream conveyances are not eroded and/or degraded by altered stormwater flows from Development or Redevelopment. Mitigation measures shall be implemented where the volume of runoff from a Post Construction, 2-year, 1-hour rainfall event is 10% greater than the volume of runoff from a...
pre-Development or pre-Redevelopment, 2-year, 1-hour rainfall event. Acceptable mitigation alternatives include on-site detention to reduce Post Construction runoff rates and volumes and natural channel stabilization measures to control channel degradation. Where allowed by other State and Federal agencies (e.g. US Army Corps of Engineers and the Department), armoring of receiving channels is permissible.

(G) Design of Water Impounding Structures (Dams)
Any proposed water impounding structure (dam) shall be designed in accordance with NC Dam Safety standards, and if required, shall be reviewed and approved by the NC Dam Safety Engineer. Proof of compliance with this requirement shall be provided by the applicant before the Building Inspector may issue a certificate of compliance.

75-305 STANDARDS FOR STORMWATER CONTROL MEASURES
(A) Evaluation According to Contents of Design Manual
All Stormwater Management Systems required under this Ordinance shall be evaluated by the Stormwater Director according to the policies, criteria, information, including technical specifications and standards, and the specific design criteria for each stormwater practice found in the Design Manual. The Stormwater Director shall determine whether they will be adequate to meet the requirements of this Ordinance.

(B) Determination of Adequacy; Presumptions and Alternatives
Stormwater Management Systems that are designed, and constructed, and maintained in accordance with the criteria and specifications in the Design Manual will be presumed to meet the minimum water quality and quantity performance standards of this Ordinance. Whenever an Owner proposes to utilize a practice or practices not designed and constructed in accordance with the criteria and specifications in the Design Manual, the Owner shall have the burden of demonstrating that the practice(s) will satisfy the minimum water quality and quantity performance standards of this Ordinance. The Stormwater Director may require the Owner to provide such documentation, calculations, and examples as necessary for the Stormwater Director to determine whether such an affirmative showing is made.

75-306 VARIANCES
(A) Variance Petition
(1) Any person may petition the Stormwater Director for a variance granting permission to use land in a manner otherwise prohibited by this Ordinance. To qualify for a variance, the petitioner must show all of the following:
(a) Unnecessary hardships would result from strict application of this Ordinance.
(b) The hardships result from conditions that are peculiar to the property, such as the location, size, or topography of the property.
(c) The hardships did not result from actions taken by the petitioner.
(d) A lack of practical alternatives which may be shown by demonstrating that, considering the potential for a reduction in size, configuration, or density of the proposed activity and all alternative designs, the basic project purpose cannot be practically accomplished in a manner which would avoid or result in a less adverse impact to surface waters.
(e) The requested variance is consistent with the spirit, purpose, and intent of this Ordinance; will secure public safety and welfare; and will preserve substantial justice.

(2) Not withstanding subdivision (1) of this section, variances shall be granted from the requirement that a BUA be 30-feet landward of all perennial and intermittent surface waters in any of the following instances:
a. When there is a lack of practical alternatives for a road crossing, railroad crossing, bridge, airport facility, or utility crossing as long as it is located, designed, constructed, and maintained to minimize disturbance, provide maximum nutrient removal, protect against erosion and sedimentation, have the
least adverse effects on aquatic life and habitat, and protect water quality to the maximum extent practicable through the use of Structural BMPs; or
b. When there is a lack of practical alternatives to locate an element of the Stormwater Management System or to locate an easement to locate, construct and maintain a utility service, including, but not limited to, water, sewer, or gas, as long as the Stormwater Management System or utility is located 15 feet landward of all perennial and intermittent surface waters and as long as it is located, designed, constructed, and maintained to minimize the disturbance to the surface waters, to provide maximum nutrient removal, to protect against erosion and sedimentation, to have the least adverse effects on aquatic life and habitat, and to protect the water quality to the maximum extent practicable through the use of Structural BMPs.

(B) Variance Conditions and Safeguards
The Stormwater Director may impose reasonable and appropriate conditions and safeguards upon any variance to ensure compliance with this Ordinance.

75- 307 ONSITE WASTEWATER
(A) Operation and Maintenance Requirements
New or replaced onsite systems for domestic wastewater treatment that are installed after the effective date of this Ordinance shall be subject to the same requirements for operation and maintenance as are Stormwater Management Systems, including, at a minimum, annual inspection reports and a recorded operation and maintenance agreement, pursuant to Section 4 of this Ordinance.

(B) Standards for Operation and Maintenance
Domestic wastewater treatment systems located within a Development or Redevelopment covered by this Ordinance shall be operated and maintained so as to avoid adverse effects on surface water and groundwater, including nutrient contamination of surface water and microbial or nitrate contamination of groundwater. Septic tank residuals shall be pumped whenever necessary to assure the proper operation of the system to meet the standards of this Ordinance, and the seepage shall be reused or disposed of in a manner that does not present significant risks to human health, surface water or groundwater.

SECTION 4: MAINTENANCE
75-401 GENERAL STANDARDS FOR MAINTENANCE
(A) Function of Structural BMPs as Intended
The Owner of each Structural BMP installed pursuant to this Ordinance shall maintain and operate it so as to preserve and continue its function in controlling stormwater quality and quantity at the degree or amount of function for which the Structural BMP was designed.

(B) Annual Maintenance Inspection and Report
The person responsible for maintenance of any Structural BMP installed pursuant to this Ordinance shall submit to the Stormwater Director an inspection report from a qualified registered North Carolina professional engineer, surveyor, or landscape architect performing services only in their area of competence. The inspection report shall contain all of the following:

1. The name and address of the Owner;
2. The recorded book and page number of the lot of each Structural BMP;
3. A statement that an inspection was made of all Structural BMPs;
4. The date the inspection was made;
5. A statement that all inspected Structural BMPs are performing properly and are in compliance with the terms and conditions of the approved maintenance agreement required by this Ordinance, and
6. The original signature and seal of the engineer, surveyor, or landscape architect.
All inspection reports shall be on forms supplied by the Stormwater Director. An original inspection report shall be provided to the Stormwater Director beginning one year from the date of as-built certification and each year thereafter on or before the date of the as-built certification.

75-402 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT

(A) In General
Prior to the conveyance or transfer of any portion of a Development or Redevelopment to be served by a Stormwater Management System pursuant to this Ordinance, and prior to issuance of any permit for a Development or Redevelopment requiring a Stormwater Management System pursuant to this Ordinance, the Owner must execute an operation and maintenance agreement that shall be binding on all subsequent Owners of the whole or a portion of the Development or Redevelopments served by the Stormwater Management System. Until the transference of all property, sites, or lots served by the Stormwater Management System, the original Owner shall have primary responsibility for carrying out the provisions of the maintenance agreement. The operation and maintenance agreement shall require the Owner to maintain, repair and, if necessary, reconstruct the Stormwater Management System, and shall state the terms, conditions, and schedule of maintenance for the Stormwater Management System. In addition, it shall grant to the City a right of entry in the event that the Stormwater Director has reason to believe it has become necessary to inspect, monitor, maintain, repair, or reconstruct the Stormwater Management System. However, in no case shall the right of entry confer an obligation on the City to assume responsibility for the Stormwater Management System. The operation and maintenance agreement must be approved by the Stormwater Director prior to plan approval, and it shall be referenced on the final plat and shall be recorded with the county Register of Deeds upon final plat approval. A copy of the recorded maintenance agreement shall be given to the Stormwater Director within 14 days following its recordation.

(B) Special Requirement for Homeowners’ and Other Associations
For all Stormwater Management Systems required pursuant to this Ordinance and that are to be or are owned and maintained by a homeowners’ association, property owners’ association, or similar entity, the required operation and maintenance agreement shall include the following provisions:

(1) Acknowledge that the association shall continuously operate and maintain the entire Stormwater Management System, even though the association is required to escrow funds based on the cost to construct, maintain, operate, repair and inspect only the Structural BMPs;
(2) Establish an escrow account, which shall be used to maintain, operate, repair inspect or reconstruct the Stormwater Management System;
(3) Prior to plat recordation or issuance of construction permits, whichever shall first occur, require the Owner to pay into the escrow account, at a minimum, an amount equal to fifteen (15) per cent of the initial construction cost of the Structural BMPs;
(4) Require the home owners association to contribute into the escrow account, at a minimum, an amount satisfactory to support the operation, maintenance and annual inspection of the Structural BMPs such that:
   (a) Two-thirds (2/3) of the total amount required to fund the escrow account shall be deposited into the escrow account within the first five (5) years and the full amount shall be deposited within ten (10) years following initial construction of the Structural BMPs;
   (b) The association shall allocate a portion of the association’s annual assessments to the escrow account; and
   (c) Any funds drawn down from the escrow account shall be replaced in accordance with the schedule of anticipated work used to originally fund the escrow account;
(5) Grant to the City a right of entry to inspect, monitor, maintain, repair, and reconstruct Stormwater Management System;
(6) Allow the City to recover from the association and its members, any and all costs the City expends to maintain or repair the Stormwater Management System, pursuant to Section 5, Enforcement and Violations, below.
(7) A statement that this agreement shall not obligate the City to maintain or repair any Stormwater Management System, and the City shall not be liable to any person for the condition or operation of Stormwater Management System;

(8) A statement that this agreement shall not in any way diminish, limit, or restrict the right of the City to enforce any of its ordinances as authorized by law; and

(9) A provision indemnifying and holding harmless the City for any costs and injuries or claims arising from or related to the Stormwater Management System, unless the City has agreed in writing to assume the maintenance responsibility for the Stormwater Management System and has accepted dedication of any and all rights necessary to carry out that maintenance.

75-403 INSPECTION PROGRAM

Inspections and inspection programs by the City may be conducted or established on any reasonable basis, including but not limited to routine inspections; random inspections; inspections based upon complaints or other notice of possible violations; and joint inspections with other agencies inspecting under environmental or safety laws. Inspections may include, but are not limited to, reviewing maintenance and repair records; sampling discharges, surface water, groundwater, and material or water in Structural BMPs; and evaluating the condition of Structural BMPs. If the Owner of any property refuses to permit such inspection, the Stormwater Director shall proceed to obtain an administrative search warrant pursuant to NCGS §15-27.2, or its successor. No person shall obstruct, hamper or interfere with the Stormwater Director while carrying out his official duties.

75-404 PERFORMANCE SECURITY FOR INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

(A) May Be Required

The City may, at its discretion, require the submittal of a performance security or bond with surety, cash escrow, letter of credit or other acceptable legal arrangement prior to issuance of a stormwater management permit in order to ensure that the Stormwater Management System is:

(1) installed by the Owner as required by the approved stormwater management plan, and/or

(2) maintained by the Owner as required by the operation and maintenance agreement.

(B) Amount

(1) Installation

The amount of an installation performance security shall be the total estimated construction cost of the Stormwater Management System approved under the stormwater management permit, plus 25%.

(2) Maintenance

The amount of a maintenance performance security shall be the present value of an annuity of perpetual duration based on a reasonable estimate of the annual cost of inspection, operation and maintenance of the Stormwater Management System approved under the stormwater management permit, at a discount rate that reflects the jurisdiction’s cost of borrowing minus a reasonable estimate of long term inflation.

(C) Uses of Performance Security

(1) Forfeiture Provisions

The performance security shall contain forfeiture provisions for failure, after proper notice, to complete work within the time specified, or to initiate or maintain any actions which may be required of the Owner in accordance with this Ordinance, approvals issued pursuant to this Ordinance, or an operation and maintenance agreement established pursuant to this Ordinance.

(2) Default

Upon default of the Owner to construct, maintain, repair and, if necessary, reconstruct any portion of the Stormwater Management System in accordance with the applicable permit or operation and maintenance agreement, the Stormwater Director shall obtain and use all or any portion of the security to make necessary improvements based on an engineering estimate. Such expenditure of
funds shall only be made after requesting the Owner to comply with the permit or maintenance agreement. In the event of a default triggering the use of installation performance security, the City shall not return any of the unused deposited cash funds or other security, which shall be retained for maintenance.

(3) Costs in Excess of Performance Security
If the City takes action upon such failure by the Owner, the City may collect from the Owner the difference should the amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed the amount of the security held.

(4) Refund
Within sixty days of the final approval, the installation performance security shall be refunded to the Owner or terminated, with the exception of any amount attributable to the cost (plus 25%) of landscaping installation and ongoing maintenance associated with the Stormwater Management System covered by the security. Any such landscaping shall be inspected one (1) year after installation with replacement for compliance with the approved plans and specifications and, if in compliance, the portion of the financial security attributable to landscaping shall be released.

75-405 NOTICE TO OWNERS
(A) Deed Recordation and Indications on Plat
The applicable operations and maintenance agreement, conservation easement, or dedication and acceptance into public maintenance (whichever is applicable) pertaining to the Stormwater Management System shall be referenced on the final plat and shall be recorded with the county Register of Deeds upon final plat approval. If no subdivision plat is recorded for the site, then the operations and maintenance agreement, conservation easement, or dedication and acceptance into public maintenance, (whichever is applicable) shall be recorded with the county Register of Deeds so as to appear in the chain of title of all subsequent purchasers under generally accepted searching principles.

(B) Signage
Where appropriate, to assure compliance with this Ordinance, as determined by the Stormwater Director, all or a portion of the Stormwater Management System shall be posted with a conspicuous sign stating who is responsible for required maintenance and annual inspection. The sign shall be maintained so as to remain visible and legible.

75-406 RECORDS OF INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES
The Owner of each Stormwater Management System shall keep records of inspections, maintenance, and repairs for at least five years from the date of creation of the record and shall submit the same upon reasonable request to the Stormwater Director.

75-407 NUISANCES
The Owner of each Stormwater Management System shall maintain it so as not to create or result in a nuisance condition.

75-408 MAINTENANCE EASEMENTS
Every Stormwater Management System installed pursuant to this Ordinance shall be made accessible for adequate maintenance and repair by a maintenance easement. The easement shall be recorded and its terms shall specify who may make use of the easement and for what purposes.

SECTION 5: ENFORCEMENT AND VIOLATIONS
75-501 GENERAL
(A) Authority to Enforce
The provisions of this Ordinance shall be enforced by the Stormwater Director or any authorized agent of the City.
(B) Violation Unlawful
Any failure to comply with an applicable requirement, prohibition, standard, or limitation imposed by this Ordinance, or the terms or conditions of any permit or other Development or Redevelopment approval or authorization granted pursuant to this Ordinance, is unlawful and shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance.

(C) Each Day a Separate Offense
Each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate and distinct violation or offense.

(D) Responsible Persons/Entities
Any person who erects, constructs, reconstructs, alters (whether actively or passively), or fails to erect, construct, reconstruct, alter, repair or maintain all or any portion of a Stormwater Management System in violation of this Ordinance shall be subject to the remedies, penalties, and/or enforcement actions in accordance with this section. Persons subject to the remedies and penalties set forth herein may include the Owner as well as any architect, engineer, builder, contractor, developer, agency, or any other person who has control over, the responsibility for, or the use of the property on which the violation occurs and who participates in, assists, directs, creates, causes, or maintains a condition that results in or constitutes a violation of this Ordinance, or fails to take appropriate action, so that a violation of this Ordinance results or persists.

(E) Civil penalties and costs collected pursuant to this Ordinance shall be credited to the City’s stormwater enterprise fund.

75-502 PROCEDURES

(A) Initiation/Complaint
Whenever a violation of this Ordinance occurs, or is alleged to have occurred, any person may file a complaint. Such complaint shall state fully the alleged violation and the basis thereof, and shall be filed with the Stormwater Director, who shall record the complaint. The complaint shall be investigated promptly by the Stormwater Director.

(B) Inspection
The Stormwater Director shall have the authority, upon presentation of proper credentials, to enter and inspect any land, building, structure, or premises to ensure compliance with this Ordinance.

(C) Notice of Violation and Order to Correct
When the Stormwater Director finds that any building, structure, or land is in violation of this Ordinance, the Stormwater Director shall notify, in writing, the Owner and/or other person violating this Ordinance. The notification shall indicate the nature of the violation, contain the address or other description of the site upon which the violation is occurring, order the necessary action to abate the violation, and give a deadline for correcting the violation. If civil penalties are to be assessed, the notice of violation shall also contain a statement of the amount and basis for the civil penalties to be assessed, the time of their accrual, and the time within which they must be paid or be subject to collection as a debt. The Stormwater Director may deliver the notice of violation and correction order personally, by the local law enforcement, by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, or by any means authorized for the service of documents by Rule 4 of the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure. Refusal to accept the notice shall not relieve the violator of the obligations set forth herein. If a violation is not corrected within a reasonable period of time, as provided in the notification, the Stormwater Director may take appropriate action under this Ordinance to correct and abate the violation and to ensure compliance with this Ordinance.
(D) Extension of Time
A person who receives a notice of violation and correction order, or the Owner, may submit to the Stormwater Director a written request for an extension of time for correction of the violation. On determining that the request includes enough information to show that the violation cannot be corrected within the specified time limit for reasons beyond the control of the person requesting the extension, the Stormwater Director may extend the time limit as is reasonably necessary to allow timely correction of the violation, up to, but not exceeding 60 days. The Stormwater Director may grant 30-day extensions in addition to the foregoing extension if the violation cannot be corrected within the permitted time due to circumstances beyond the control of the person violating this Ordinance. The Stormwater Director shall grant an extension only by written notice of extension. The notice of extension shall state the date prior to which correction must be made, after which the violator will be subject to the penalties described in the notice of violation and correction order.

(E) Enforcement After Time to Correct
After the time has expired to correct a violation, including any extension(s) if authorized by the Stormwater Director, the Stormwater Director shall determine if the violation is corrected. If the violation is not corrected, the Stormwater Director may act to impose one or more of the remedies and penalties authorized by this Ordinance.

(F) Emergency Enforcement
If delay in correcting a violation would seriously threaten the effective enforcement of this Ordinance or pose an immediate danger to the public health, safety, or welfare, then the Stormwater Director may order the immediate cessation of a violation. Any person so ordered shall cease any violation immediately. The Stormwater Director may seek immediate enforcement, without prior written notice, through any remedy or penalty authorized by this article.

75-503 REMEDIES AND PENALTIES
The remedies and penalties provided for violations of this Ordinance shall be cumulative, in addition to any other remedy provided by law, and may be exercised in any order.

(A) Remedies
(1) Withhold a Certificate of Occupancy
The Building Inspector may refuse to issue a certificate of compliance for the building or other improvements constructed on the Development or Redevelopment and served by a Stormwater Management System until the Owner has taken the remedial measures set forth in the notice of violation or has otherwise cured the violations described therein.
(2) Disapprove Subsequent Permits and Development Approvals
As long as a violation of this Ordinance continues and remains uncorrected, the Stormwater Director, the Planning Board, the Engineering Division, or the Inspections Division may deny any request for permit or Development or Redevelopment approval or authorization provided for by this Ordinance.
(3) Injunction, Abatements, etc.
Pursuant to NCGS §160A-175, the Stormwater Director may seek an injunction or an order of abatement to correct a violation of this Ordinance and recover the costs associated with this remedy.
(4) Correction as Public Health Nuisance, Costs as Lien, etc.
Pursuant to NCGS §160A-193, the Stormwater Director may summarily abate or remedy and a violation of this Ordinance and recover the costs associated with this remedy.
(5) Stop Work Order
Pursuant to NCGS §160A-421, the Stormwater Director may issue a stop work order to the person(s) violating this Ordinance.
(B) Civil Penalties
Violation of this Ordinance may subject the violator to a civil penalty to be recovered in a civil action in the nature of a debt if the violator does not pay the penalty within 30 days after notice of the violation is issued by the Stormwater Director. Civil penalties for violation of the provisions of this ordinance may total up to $1000 per day, with each day consisting of a separate and distinct violation. The amount of the civil penalty will be based on aggravating and mitigating circumstances, as set out in subsection (C) below. Civil penalties may be assessed up to the full amount of any penalty to which the City is subject for violations of its Phase II Stormwater permit.

(C) Aggravating and Mitigating Circumstances
   (1) The Civil Penalty assessed by the Stormwater Director shall be based on the following Aggravating Circumstances:
      (a) The degree and extent of harm to the quality of surface or ground waters;
      (b) The degree and extent of harm to public health and property;
      (c) Cost to public to rectify damage;
      (d) Amount of money saved by noncompliance;
      (e) Whether the violation was committed willfully or intentionally;
      (f) Prior record of the violator in complying or failing to comply with regulatory programs;
      (g) Cost to the City of the enforcement procedures; and
      (h) If the violation occurs in a Water Supply Watershed the overall penalty will increase 25%.
   (2) The Civil Penalty assessed by the Stormwater Director shall be reduced by the following Mitigating Circumstances:
      (a) Where the violator took immediate action to abate or to resolve the violation, the penalty assessed above shall be reduced by 10%;
      (b) Where the violator worked to the maximum extent possible to abate or to resolve the violation, the penalty assessed above shall be reduced by 10%;
      (c) Where the violator constructed or implemented a Stormwater Management System to abate or to resolve the violation, the penalty assessed above shall be reduced by 10%; and
      (d) Where the violator cooperated with appropriate regulatory agencies, including but not limited to the Stormwater Director, the penalty assessed above shall be reduced by 10%.
   (3) The Stormwater Director shall maintain a schedule of penalties based on the aggravating and mitigating factors set out above, which schedule may be amended from time to time as authorized by the City Manager and which shall be made available as part of the administrative manual complied by the Stormwater Director pursuant to §75-202(D)(3) above or to anyone upon demand.

Section II. This Ordinance shall take effect upon approval and pursuant to Section 75-111 herein.